## edexcel

# Mark Scheme (Results) 

October 2016

Pearson Edexcel International A Level Mathematics

Statistics 1 (WST01)

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## General Marking Guidance

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.


## PEARSON EDEXCEL IAL MATHEMATICS

## General Instructions for Marking

1. The total number of marks for the paper is 75
2. The Edexcel Mathematics mark schemes use the following types of marks:

- M marks: Method marks are awarded for 'knowing a method and attempting to apply it', unless otherwise indicated.
- A marks: Accuracy marks can only be awarded if the relevant method (M) marks have been earned.
- B marks are unconditional accuracy marks (independent of M marks)
- Marks should not be subdivided.

3. Abbreviations

These are some of the traditional marking abbreviations that will appear in the mark schemes.

- bod - benefit of doubt
- ft - follow through
- the symbol $\sqrt{ }$ will be used for correct ft
- cao - correct answer only
- cso - correct solution only. There must be no errors in this part of the question to obtain this mark
- isw - ignore subsequent working
- awrt - answers which round to
- SC: special case
- oe - or equivalent (and appropriate)
- d... or dep - dependent
- indep - independent
- dp decimal places
- sf significant figures
-     * The answer is printed on the paper or ag- answer given
- $\square$ or d... The second mark is dependent on gaining the first mark

4. All A marks are 'correct answer only' (cao.), unless shown, for example, as A1 ft to indicate that previous wrong working is to be followed through. After a misread however, the subsequent A marks affected are treated as A ft, but manifestly absurd answers should never be awarded A marks.
5. For misreading which does not alter the character of a question or materially simplify it, deduct two from any A or B marks gained, in that part of the question affected.
6. If a candidate makes more than one attempt at any question:

- If all but one attempt is crossed out, mark the attempt which is NOT crossed out.
- If either all attempts are crossed out or none are crossed out, mark all the attempts and score the highest single attempt.

7. Ignore wrong working or incorrect statements following a correct answer.

## IAL Statistics 1 (WSTO1) - October 2016

| Question <br> Number | Scheme ${ }^{\text {a }}$ Marks |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1. (a) <br> (b) <br> (c) |  |
|  | Notes |
| (a) (b) (c) | B1 for 0.65 NB you may see $\mathrm{P}(Z<0.35)=0.6368$ which is of course B 0 <br> M1 for a correct numerical expression, ft their answer to part (a) [M0 for a probability < 0] <br> A1 for 0.3 (Answer only scores both marks) <br> M1 for a correct ratio of probabilities or follow through their answers provided (b) < (a) <br> A1 for $\frac{6}{13}$ or an exact equivalent and allow awrt 0.462 |





\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline Question Number \& Scheme ${ }^{\text {arks }}$ <br>
\hline 5. (a) \&  <br>
\hline \& Notes <br>
\hline (a)

NB

(b) \& | $1^{\text {st }}$ M1 for attempt to standardise with 388 and set equal to $\pm \mathrm{a} z$ value where $\|z\|>2.25$ |
| :--- |
| $1^{\text {st }} \mathrm{A} 1$ for a fully correct equation with $z=-3.0902$ or better (calc gives $3.0902320 \ldots$ ) |
| $2^{\text {nd }}$ M1 for attempt to standardise with 410 and set equal to $\pm \mathrm{a} z$ value where $1<\|z\|<2.5$ |
| $2^{\text {nd }} \mathrm{A} 1$ for a fully correct equation with $z=$ awrt 2.06 (calc gives $2.059984 \ldots$ ) |
| $3^{\text {rd }} \mathrm{M} 1$ for solving their 2 linear equations in $\mu$ and $\sigma$ (i.e. reduce to an equation in one var') Corect processes used but allow 1 sign or numerical slip. Must see the equation in one variable unless the correct answers are obtained in which case this can be implied. |
| $3^{\text {rd }} \mathrm{A} 1$ for $\sigma=$ awrt 4.27 (Allow 4.26 if $1^{\text {st }} \mathrm{A} 0$ for awrt -3.1 ) |
| $4^{\text {th }}$ A1 for $\mu=$ awrt 401 |
| Use of $\sigma^{2}$ instead of $\sigma$ in (a) will score 0/7 |
| For $3^{\text {rd }}$ and $4^{\text {th }} \mathbf{A}$ marks, apply a 1 mark penalty (A0) the first occasion that an answer in fraction form occurs. So, allow A1 for $2^{\text {nd }}$ answer if both fractions give the correct awrt answers. |
| $1^{\text {st }}$ M1 for the 3 correct values of $x$ (i.e. $-100,-0.30,+0.25$ ) |
| $2^{\text {nd }}$ M1 for attempt at all 3 probabilities (correct expression for 0.9793 ) |
| $3^{\text {rd }}$ M1 dep on 3 values of $X$ and 3 probs. For an expression for $\mathrm{E}(X)$ using their values |
| A1 for an answer of 0.14 or in the range ( $0.138 \ldots \sim 0.141 \ldots$ ) |
| Not awrt 0.14 |
| Accept 0.13 if correct expression is seen beforehand | <br>

\hline
\end{tabular}


(g) B1 for stating, or implying, normal not suitable and giving at least one supporting reason.

A calculation or description of skewness is not required but if present must be correct for their values or their box plot. "Not normal since data is not continuous" is B0

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